

SEVENTH FRAMEWORK

PROGRAMME

The 7th Research Framework
Programme in the area "Food,
Agriculture, Fisheries and
Biotechnology"

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Directorate E: Biotechnologies, Agriculture, Food





Cooperation - Collaborative research

	10 Thematic Priorities	€M *
1.	Health	6.050
2.	Food, Agriculture, Fisheries and Biotechnology	1.935
3.	Information and Communication Technologies	9.110
4.	Nanosciences, Nanotechnologies, Materials and new Production Technologies	3.500
5.	Energy	2.300
6.	Environment (including Climate Change)	1.900
7.	Transport (including Aeronautics)	4.180
8.	Socio-Economic Sciences and the Humanities	610
9.	Space	1.430
10.	Security * Council's agreement of July 2006 * Council's agreement of July 2006	1,350 SEVENTH FRAMEWORK



Bio-economy

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The term 'bio-economy' covers all industries and economical sectors that produce, utilize or manage biological resources.

The European bio-economy has an annual turnover of more than 1500 billion € and employs 22 million people.

Sector	Annual turnover (billions of €)	Employment (millions)	Source
Food & Beverages	850	4.1	CIAA
Agriculture	210	15	COPA-COGECA
Fisheries	8	0.5	FAO
Paper, Leather, Pulp, etc.	400	0.3 direct (4.0 indirect)	CEPI
Forestry, Wood	150	2.7	CEI-BOIS
Industrial Biotech	50		McKinsey
total	1618	22.1	



THE EUROPEAN KNOWLEDGE-BASED BIOECONOMY

QUALITY ASSURANCE STRATEGIES TRACEABILITY, CONSUMER SCIENCE

SOCIETAL NEEDS

STABILITY BIODEGRADABILITY
FUNCTIONALITY (Chirality)

"Fork to Farm"
Food, health and wellbeing

Life sciences & biotechnology for sustainable non-food products + processes

ADVANCED FOOD TECHNOLOGIES, FOOD QUALITY DETERMINANTS, NUTRITION

LOW INPUT FARMING - BIODIVERSITY ANIMAL HEALTH - RURAL DEVT.

PROCESSING

PRODUCTION

WHITE BIOTECH
CLEAN BIOPROCESSES
RAW MATERIALS/WASTE

GREEN/BLUE BIOTECH
OPTIMISED RAW MATERIALS

Sustainable production and management of biological resources from land, forest, and aquatic environments



Food, Agriculture, Fisheries and Biotechnology: Rationale

The Knowledge-based bio-economy

Transforming life sciences knowledge into new, sustainable, eco-efficient and competitive products

- Build a European <u>Knowledge-Based Bio-Economy</u> (KBBE)
- Respond to social and economic challenges:
 - High quality food and sustainable food production
 - Food-related disorders (cardiovascular, obesity ...)
 - Infectious animal diseases and zoonoses
 - Sustainable agriculture/fishery and climate change
 - Clean biomaterials from renewable bio-resources
- Involve all stakeholders (incl. industry) in research
- Support CAP and CFP
- Respond quickly to emerging research needs
- → 4 Fs: Food, Fiber, Fuel and Feed



2. Food, Agriculture, Fisheries and Biotechnology

2.1.

Sustainable production and management of biological resources from land, forest, and aquatic environments

2.2.

"Fork to farm": Food (including sea-food), health and well being

2.3.

Life sciences, biotechnology and biochemistry for sustainable non-food products and processes



Food, agriculture, fisheries and biotechnology research:

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- Pillar 1 "Sustainable production and management of biological resources" and Pillar 3 "Life sciences and biotech for sustainable non-food products and processes"
- Some topics under pillar 1 & 3 partly financed in FP4 and FP5 (BIOTECH, FAIR, QoL, etc.), but FP6 efforts scattered and not of sufficient critical mass (some activities under materials, energy and environment) providing no synergies
- Technology platforms and their input in the area of plant biotechnology, forestry, industrial biotechnology, animal breeding, global animal health, and food
- Pillar 2 "Food, health and well-being" ensures continuity of FP6 "Food quality and safety" research



Food, agriculture, fisheries and biotechnology research:

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New in FP 7: Some FP 6 activities outside the Thematic Priorities will be integrated in the FP 7 Themes!

such as

- Integration of new and emerging science and technologies (NEST)
- Support to policy development (CAP, CFP, public health, food safety, animal health, ...)
- International co-operation (SICA)
- ERA-Nets, ERA-Nets +

... to be defined on the level of the specific programme or workprogramme



Food, agriculture, fisheries and biotechnology research: <u>Clear need to prioritise!</u>

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"More with less"

- Theme 2 FP7 "Food, Agriculture, Biotechnology" has much broader scope than priority 5 "Food Quality&Safety" of FP6 (added activity 3 on biotech products and processes for non-food applications)
- Research to support policies, international cooperation and coordination of national research is integrated into the themes
- Budget for first calls of theme 2 FP7 comparable (or lower) than for priority 5 - FP6

Need to prioritise along the following criteria:

- New areas/topics not (little) covered in previous FPs.
- Continue/follow-up on successful EU research activities in order to achieve maximum impact.
- Preparatory actions for identifying priority topics/activity areas for future calls, i.e. analysis of certain research/technology options for addressing specific goals; in cooperation with TPs and ERA-NETs



Food, agriculture, fisheries and biotechnology research: Borderline with other FP7 themes

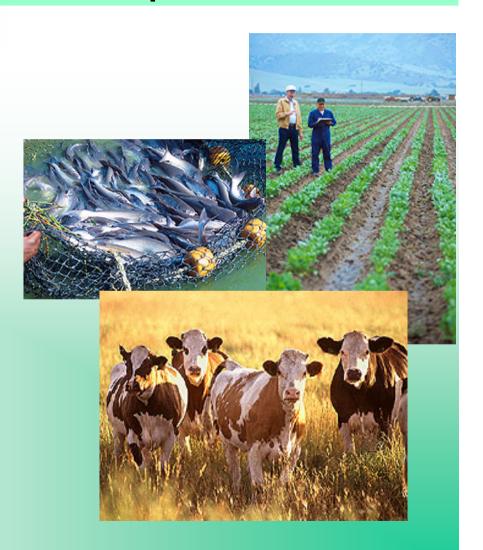
- Enabling/systems biology research on plants, animals and microbes complementary to systems biology for human health applications in theme 1.
- Complementary research relating to the management/conservation of natural resources and biodiversity is addressed under the "Environment including Climate Change" theme 6.
- Demonstration of bioprocesses for biomass conversion to energy/materials under this priority – up-scaling and complete process design under materials and energy themes (themes 4 and 5).



Activity 1:

Sustainable production and management of biological resources from land, forest and aquatic environments

- Enabling research ('omics', converging technologies, bioinformatics, biodiversity) for microorganism, plants and animals
- Competitive, sustainable and multifunctional agriculture, forestry, fishery and aquaculture
- Animal health production and welfare; animal diseases incl. zoonoses
- Marine resources, fishery, aquaculture
- Development of policy strategies for knowledge based bio-economy, agriculture, fishery as well as rural and coastal areas





Activity 2: "Fork to farm"Food (including sea-food), health and well being

- Consumer, societal, industrial and health aspects of food and feed
- Nutrition, diet related diseases and disorders
- Innovative food and feed processing
- Improved quality and safety of food, beverage and feed
- Total food chain concept





FP7 Sub-Pillar: Fork to Farm

Consumers

Nutrition

Processing

Safety

Environment

EOIK to Farm

Nutritional value / digestion / health impacts

Health and well-

being of consumers

Organoleptic impact

Safe, high-quality foods

Preparation

Storage / transport / retail-

→ Environment

Processing

Production systems: Agriculture / Fisheries / Aquaculture



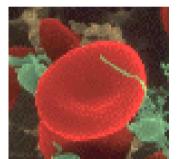


Addressing 'Complexity' in Food & Nutrition Research by means of Converging Technologies

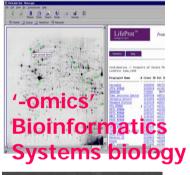
Complex 'Food'

Complex 'Body'

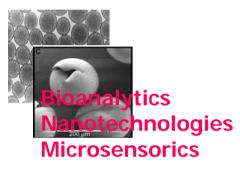
Complex 'Cell'

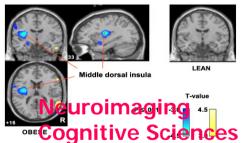


Gene-nutrient intera Metabolic networks Signal transduction









Integrative Physiology Behavioural sciences



Food composition Product formulation



Complex 'Behaviour'



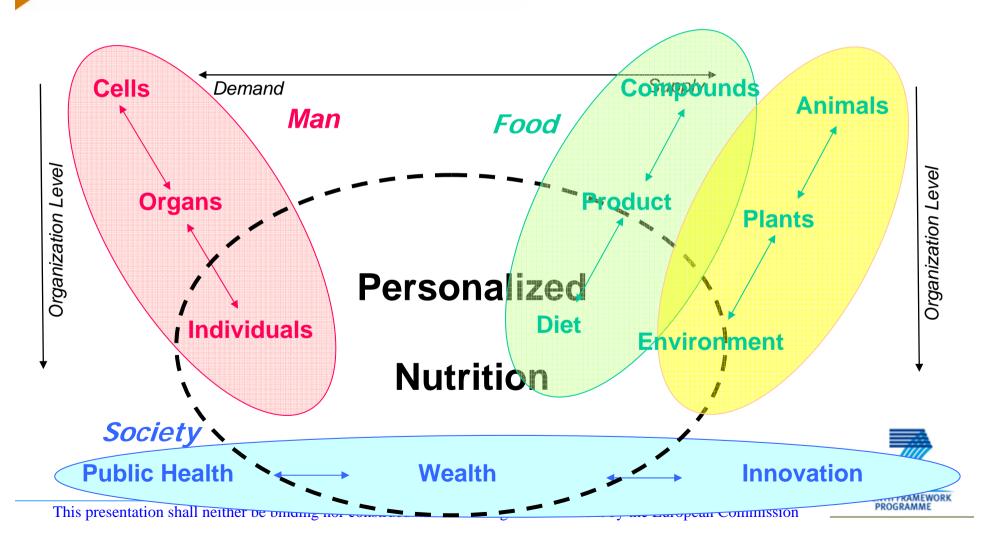
Consumer Preferences **Eating Patterns** Food Choice SEVENTH FRAMEWORK



'Knowledge based bio-economy' - Complexity in food and health

... means ...

- to connect biological systems research and economic innovation systems
- to tackle 'complexity' issues at organization levels beyond the life sciences





Our contribution in research ...

Systems Biology and bioanalytical tools for nutrition research - LCP

Complex 'Cell'

Development and application of computational biology as a complementary tool to *in vivo* and/or *in vitro* trials - CSA (coordinating)

Metabolic networks Signal transduction

> Diet and its effect on the development of intestinal microflora and on the immune system through the entire life span - LCP

Complex 'Body'

Optical technologies for monitoring the human nutrition status and the onset of nutrition-related health problems - SCP

Converging technologies and their potential for the food area - SCP

Cross-Organ Interactions

ogical Loops

Impact of diet on ageing – LCP

Complex 'Food'

Harmonising and integrating research on food technology, safety and nutrition through commonly shared food models - LCP

Food composition
Product formulation



Complex 'Behaviour'

Networking of food consumer science in Europe and development and application of social and behavioural sciences to food research - NoE

Consumer Preferences
Eating Patterns



Cross-product approach:

Multiple potentials for research on a certain product category

Example: milk and dairy products

- Milk and mental performance/development of children

KBBE-2007-2-2-01: Effect of diet on mental performance of children

- Dairy products (joghurt, etc.) and gut immune system

KBBE-2007-2-2-07: Diet and its effect on the development of intestinal microflora and on the immune system through the entire life span

- Improved processing technologies for dairy products

KBBE-2007-2-3-02: Assessment and improvement of existing food and feed technologies

- Toxins, organic contaminations, etc. in milk and dairy products

KBBE-2007-2-4-02: Detecting contaminants in the food and feed chain

... etc.



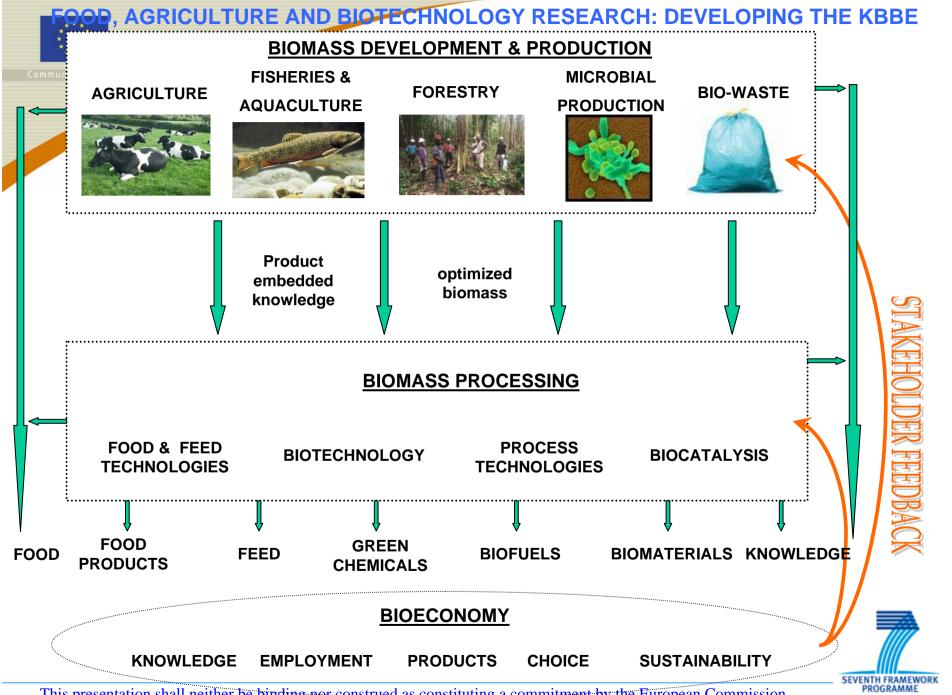


Activity 3:

Life sciences, biotechnology and biochemistry for sustainable non-food products and processes

- Improved crops, feed-stocks, marine products and biomass for energy, environment, and high added value industrial products; novel farming systems
- Bio-catalysis; new bio-refinery concepts and other bioprocesses
- Forestry and forest based products and processes
- Environmental remediation and cleaner processing

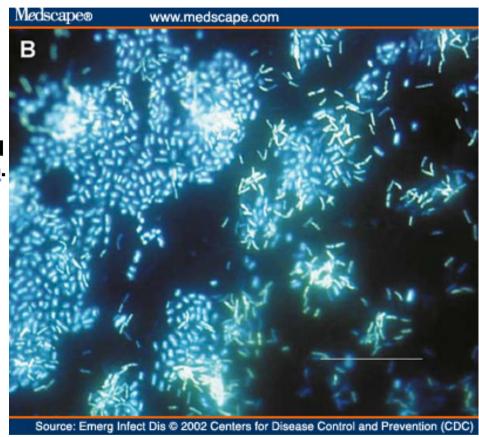






Exploiting Molecular Microbial Diversity: A special case

- The discovery that bacteria are able to communicate with each other changed our general perception of many single, simple organisms inhabiting our world.
- Instead of language, bacteria use signalling molecules which are released into the environment (Quorum Sensing). As well as releasing the signalling molecules, bacteria are also able to measure the number (concentration) of the molecules within a population.
- Thus the purpose of quorum sensing is to coordinate certain behaviour or actions between bacteria of the same kind, depending on their number.
- Biotechnology can exploit QS by directing microbial behaviour either for bioproducts synthesis in a bioreactor or by degradation of pollutants in open environment







Our contribution in research...

- MICROBIAL STRESS IN CONTAINMENT Study of microbial stress for more robust industrial micro-organisms
- IMPROVED MICROBES Metabolic engineering and modelling
- IMPROVED MICROBES FOR THE ENVIRONMENT Microbial gene expression under condition of stress
- ACTIVITY MINING IN METAGENOMES Exploring molecular microbial diversity in aquatic environment or the soil
- SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY FOR THE ENVIRONMENT The use of Synthetic Biology for the solution of environmental problems





Financial Perspectives

Non-linear budget evolution

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
192	210	233	262	299	333	371	m€, appr.

'Method of Rolling Loan'

	Budget 2007	Budget 2008	Budget 2009
Large projects; NoEs (two stage – except 2007!)	Call 1	Call 2A	Call 3A
Small CPs/CSAs (one stage)	Call 1	Call 2B	Call 3B

Workprogramme 2007

Workprogramme 2008

Workprogramme 2009







The call approach

Work programme 2007

CALL KBBE-2007-1

- Publication: 22 Dec 2006
- CSA, SCP, LCP & NoE covering all activities and areas
- covering full 2007 budget (190.09 M €)
- 1 step evaluation procedure (exceptionally also for LCP & NoE !!)
- Deadline for proposal submission: 2 May 2007

CALL KBBE-2007-2A

- Publication: May 2007
 but already part of Work Programme 2007 !!!
- LCP & NoE covering all activities and areas
- 2 step evaluation procedure
- Deadline for proposal submission: 11 Sep 2007, 31 Jan 2008
- Final evaluation (Feb 2008)

CALL ERANET-2007-RTD

• 2.0 M € for Theme 2





Theme 2-specific requirements and some general aspects of high importance

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- Specific participation rules for Coordination and Support Actions (coordinating type) applied for Specific International Co-operation Actions (SICA):
 3 entities established in a Member States or Associated Countries plus 3 partners in International Co-operation Partner Countries (ICPC)
 (instead of 2 + 2)
- 2 ERA-NETs (mediterranean agriculture, animal health) and 4 NoE (zoonoses, consumer sciences, high-tech food processing, 'pharming') in KBBE-1 and -2A
- One project per topic will be funded
- List of SICAs in the Work Programme (WP) with indications on type/region and minimum number of third countries being requested
- Footnotes on complementary topics open in other 'Themes'
- Indicative topics of the 2008 work programme outlined in 2007 work programme



Deadlines for Theme 2

KBBE-2007-1: 2 May 2007 (all funding schemes, one stage approach)

KBBE-2007-2A: Large Collaborative Projects and Networks of

Excellence

two stage submission and evaluation approach

call publication: 8 May 2007

1st stage deadline: 11 September 2007

2nd stage (full proposal) deadline: 31 January 2008



Minimum conditions for participation

Specific:

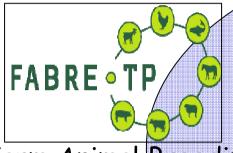
- Frontier research actions (ERC): at least 1 legal entity established in a MS or AC
- Coordination and support actions (CSA) and actions in favour of training and career development of researchers – minimum of 1 legal entity (except actions to coordinate)
- Collaborative projects* addressing the participation of international cooperation partner countries (INCO) – minimum is <u>4 participants</u> of which 2 in MS or AC and 2 in INCO countries
 - * for CSA-SICA (coordinating type): 3 entities established in a MS or AC plus 3 partners in INCO countries (see WP, Theme 2)
- Participation of international organisations and participants from third countries possible if in addition to minima











Farm Animal Breeding www.fabretp.org

Knowledge Based Bio-Economy European Biofuels TP



Global Animal Health www.ifah.be/Europe/EU

Platform/Platform.htm

ETP

Plants for the Future www.epsoweb.org



www.forestplatform.org





ERA Nets in the KBBE sector

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Community research	
ACRONYM	TITLE
ERA-PG	European Research Area - Plant Genomics
SAFEFOODERA	Food Safety - Forming a European platform for protecting consumers against health risks
ERA-IB	Towards an ERA in Industrial Biotechnology
EUPHRESCO	Coordination of European Phytosanitary (Statutory Plant Health) Research
EUROTRANSBIO	EUROpean network of TRANS-national collaborative RTD for SME's projects in the field of BIOtechnology
WOODWISDOM- NET	Networking and integration of National programmes in the area of wood material science and engineering
ERA-SAGE	European Research on Societal Aspects of Genomics
CORE-ORGANIC	Coordination of European Transnational Research in Organic Food and Farming
ARD	The Agricultural Research for Development (ARD) dimension of the European Research Area (ERA)
ERASysBio	Towards a European Research Area for Systems Biology - A Transnational Funding Initiative to Support the Convergence of Life Sciences with Informational Technology & Systems Sciences



International Co-operation in

Food, Agriculture and Fisheries, and Biotechnology





International co-operation in Food, Agriculture and Biotechnology

1. Opening

- 1.1 Opening of all activities to participation by Third Countries
- 1.2 Certain topics particularly encourage international co-operation

2. Specific International Co-operation Actions (SICA)

on selected topics, with priority partner countries / regions:

- 2.1 BIREGIONAL DIALOGUES, BILATERAL AGREEMENTS, NEIGHBOURS AND EMERGING ECONOMIES: topics jointly identified, based on <u>mutual</u> interest and benefits
- 2.2 DEV COUNTRIES: taking into account their needs (focus on MDG)



1. OPENING

in Food , Agriculture and Biotechnology

2. Food, Agriculture and Fisheries and Biotechnologies

Sustainable production and management of biological resources from land, forest, and aquatic environments

2.2.

thrk to farm": Food, health and well being

2.3.

Life sciences and biotechnology for sustainable non-food products and processes



2. Specific International Co-operation Actions in *Food*, *Agriculture and Biotechnology*

SICA Examples for the year 2007

Innual Food crops with improved tolerance to multiple ABIOTIC STRESSES	Small collaborative project -	Med (2)
mproving research in support to scientific advice to FISHERIES management outside EU waters	Coordination and support action -	ICPC (3)
Consolidate alliances with third countries in the field of AQUACULTURE	Coordination and support action -	ICPC (3)
IEGLECTED ZOONOSES in developing countries: integrated approach for the improvement of their control in animals	Large collaborative project -	ICPC (4)
Developing research tools for FOOD CONSUMER science in the Western Balkan Countries	Small collaborative project -	West Balk (2)
MALNUTRITION in developing countries	Large collaborative project -	ICPC (3)
Reduce contamination by MYCOTOXINS in the food and feed chain	Large collaborative project -	ICPC (3)
NIMAL BY-PRODUCTS - Novel methods of treatment of animal by-	Small collaborative project -	Russia (2
products for the production of substances with biologically valuable functional properties		SEVENTH FRAMEWORK



Specific International Co-operation Actions in *Food*, *Agriculture and Biotechnology*

SICA Examples for the year 2008 - tentative

mproved AGRO-FORESTRY systems for sustainable farming	ICPC
Valorisation of Andean MICROBIAL BIODIVERSITY for agro-industry of basic crops, for environmental protection and as a source of novel bioactive compounds	Latin America (Andean Region)
Methodologies and tools to support the prevention of OBESITY in Mediterranean Partner Countries	Mediterranean
Linking with international DATABASES on FOOD composition and consumption	ICPC
FUNCTIONAL FOODS, natural products and bioactive compounds from the Black Sea region	Black Sea
SWEET SORGHUM - Alternative energy crops for biofuel production in semi-arid and temperate regions	Latin America and Africa
NDUSTRIAL ENZYMES - Rational design of biocatalysts and enzyme systems with requested properties	Russia
BAGASSES – Improved chemical and enzymatic treatments of bagasses from energy crops, for increased bio-fuels production yields	Latin America and ACP
Plants as EDIBLE VACCINES	Russia
Network of Third Countries NATIONAL INFORMATION POINTS	ICPC and countries with EU bilateral agreements THE PROGRAMME
This presentation shall neither be binding nor construed as constituting a commitment by the European	Commission



OTHER TOPICS with important international co-operation in *Food*, *Agriculture and Biotechnology*

Examples (years 2007- 2008)

Using new technologies to identify (re-)	emerging pathogens from
wildlife reservoirs	

Developing new methods for valuing and marketing of currently nomarketable forest goods and services

Genomics for cereal improvement for food, feed and non-food uses

Coordination of Agricultural Research in the Mediterranean

From capture based to self-sustained aquaculture

Mitigating adverse impacts of fisheries

The structure of fish populations and traceability of fish and fish products

Reducing the utilisation of mineral fertilisers by improving the efficiency of **nutrient use** in European crops

Developing the knowledge-based bio-economy

Evaluating and controlling the risk of African Swine Fever in the EU

Emerging vector-borne diseases, in particular: West Nile fever, Rift Valley Fever and Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever

Improved epidemiological tools for food-borne zoonoses: application of geographical information for live animals and animal products

Enlargement network - Agro-economic policy analysis of the accession and the candidate states and the Western Balkan countries

Drivers and limits of enhanced trade in agriculture and food products

Trade and agricultural policies - India

Containment of Sharka virus in view of EU-expansion

Policy and institutional aspects of sustainable agriculture, forestry and rural development in the Mediterranean partner countries

Interactions of fisheries and aquaculture of bluefin tuna (BFT)

Sustainability of the food chain

Plant Cell Walls - Understanding Plant Cell Walls for optimizing **Biomass** potential

Green oil - Plants providing oils of the future

Developing **Vaccines** for the control of roundworm infestation in extensive ruminant production systems

Development of a new generation vaccine for FMD

Non-tariff barriers

Assessment of impacts from climate change on food



Further information

• Filtresearch: http://europa.eu.int/comm/research

 Sixth Framework Programme: <u>http://www.cordis.lu/fp6/home.html</u> <u>http://www.cordis.lu/fp6/food.htm</u>

Seventh Framework Programme:
 http://www.cordis.europa.eu/fp7/home.html

 Research DG Site: <u>http://europa.eu.int/comm/research/index_en.html</u>

- RTD info magazine:
 http://europa.eu.int/comm/research/rtdinfo/
- Information requests: research@cec.eu.int





GLOSSARY

AC: Associated Country

CAP: Common Agricultural Policy

CFP: Common Fishery Policy

CSA: Coordination and Support Actions

ERC: European Research Council

INCO: International Cooperation

KBBE: Knowledge-Based Bio-Economy

LCP: large collaborative projects

MS: Member State

NEST: New and Emerging Science and Technologies

NoE: Network of Excellence

SCP: Small collaborative projects

SICA: Specific International Co-operation Actions

