Does political opinions distribution in Russia match with German, French and American ones?

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Research goals

- Explore the relations between three groups of factors: political opinions*, country of residence, socio-professional strata
- Compare political opinions of different socioprofessional strata within different countries
- Identify particular opinions that "pull" different social groups to one of the scale poles



Research process

- 2006 ISSP data: wave focused on the Role of the Government
- Sample size: 6807 respondents. Russia 2377, France –
 1803, Western Germany 1109, the USA 1518
- Country choice:

		Form of go	vernment
Vpe		Presidential republic	Parliamentary republic
Regime type	Developed democracy	USA, France	Germany
	Developing democracy	Russia	

Political opinion measurements Scale construction

Step 1. Selection of 22 relevant items from ISSP questionnaire

Method – 5 expert interviews

Step 2. Attribution of reply options to the scale poles: "left – right political opinions"

Method – 5 expert interviews

Step 3. Scale quality assessment

Method – correlation coefficient; P-value less than 5%

Method – Crohnbach's Alpha coefficient Total sample - 0,8; Germany - 0,8; USA - 0,8; France – 0,8; Russia - 0,7

Results

The scale "Role of Government: left – right poles". The lowest value correspond to the left pole and the highest to the right pole



Left – right poles in the political opinion scale

✓ Scale is based ONLY on the opinions towards the Role of the Government

In favor of government financing of projects to create new jobs

G. should spend more on unemployment benefits

G. should reduce income differences between the rich and the poor

LEFT

Against of cuts in government spending

In favor of government regulation of business

One of the government's responsibilities is to keep prices under control

RIGHT

Against of government support for declining industries to protect jobs

G. should not be responsible for providing a job for everyone

Against of reducing the working week to create new jobs

G. Should not spend more on unemployment benefits

It is not
government
responsibility to
provide
industries with
the help it
needs to grow

G5. Here are some things the government might do for the economy. Please show which actions you are in favour of and which you are against.	G7. On the whole, do you think it should or should not be the government's responsibility to:
Cuts in government spending	Provide a job for everyone who wants one
Government financing of projects to create new jobs	Keep prices under control
Less government regulation of business	Provide health care for the sick
Support for declining industries to protect jobs	Provide a decent standard of living for the old
Reducing the working week to create more jobs	Provide a decent standard of living for the unemployed
G6 Listed below are various areas of government spending. Please show whether you would like to see more or less government spending in each area. Remember that if you say "much more", it might require a tax increase to pay for it.	Reduce income differences between the rich and the poor
The environment	Give financial help to university students from low-income families
Health	Provide decent housing for those who can't afford it
The police and law enforcement	
Education	
The military and defence	
Old age pensions	
Unemployment benefits	
Culture and the arts	

EGP Scheme



(1) | Higher Controllers



(2) II Lower Controllers



(3) IIIa: Routine Nonmanual



(4) IIIb: Lower Sales-Service



(5) IVa: Selfempl with empl.



(6) IVb: Selfempl no empl.



(7) v: Manual Supervisors



(8) VI: Skilled Worker



(9) VIIa: Unskilled Worker



(10) VIIb: Farm Labor



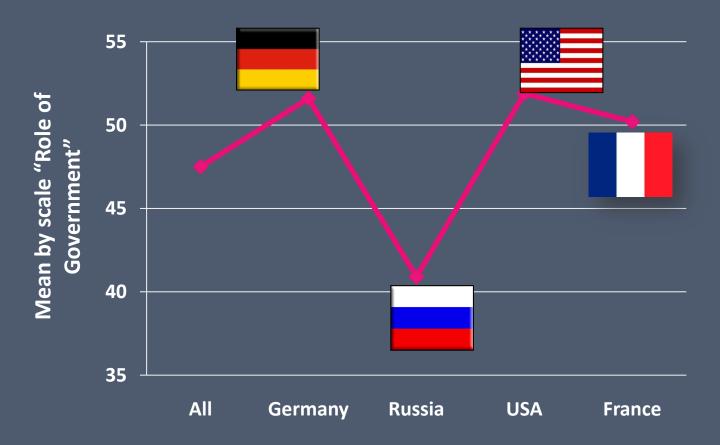
(11) IVc: Selfempl Farmer

Hauser R.M., Warren J.R. 1997



Political opinions in different countries

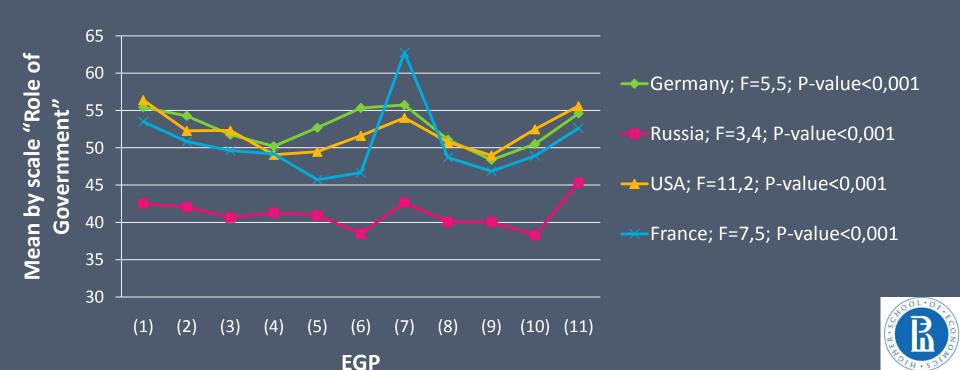
- ✓ ANOVA: F-statistics 546,5 p-value<0,001.
- ✓ Distribution of left and right pole opinions in Russia differs from 3 other countries





Political opinions in different countries and socio-professional strata

- ✓ Russia happens to be the most left-oriented country
- ✓ The structure of political opinions distribution between different social strata is similar in three countries, less in Russia
- ✓ Professions with high level of autonomy (higher controllers, manual supervisors and selfemployed farmers) – are the most right oriented strata



Statistical model characteristics

- Logistic regression model:
 - Dependent variable dichotomized political opinion items according to the results of expert interviews
 - Predictors country of residence and socio-professional strata
- Selected questions:
 - Here are some facts the government might do for the economy. Please show which facts you are in favor of and which you are against
 - Support for declining industries to protect jobs
 - Listed below are various areas of government spending. Please show whether
 you would like to see more or less government spending in each area.
 Remember that if you say "much more", it might require a tax increase to pay
 for it
 - Old age pensions
 - Unemployment benefits
 - On the whole, do you think it should be or should not be government's responsibility to...
 - ... provide a job for everyone who wants one
 - ... keep prices under control
 - ... reduce income differences between the rich and the poor



Political opinions and the country of residence

- Russia is the country mostly aligned to the left pole (first requests of the society: keep prices under control and provide jobs to everyone)
- USA obvious right-pole trend (do not need income difference reduction as well as jobs for everyone)
- France, Germany the European mean. According to country's own "fixed national effects" each country demonstrates the deviation towards either right or

left pole				
Question:	USA	France	Germany	Russia
support for declining industries to protect jobs?	80	81	<u>70</u>	64
to spend more or not to spend more on unemployment benefits?	72	<u>26</u>	57	85

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Question:	USA	France	Germany	Kussia
support for declining industries to protect jobs?	80	81	<u>70</u>	64
to spend more or not to spend more on unemployment benefits?	72	<u>26</u>	57	85
reduce income differences between the rich and the poor?	52	78	<u>67</u>	86
provide a job for everyone who wants one?	40	62	63	93

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to keep prices under control?	77	83	75	98

unemployment benefits?	12	<u>20</u>	37	05	
reduce income differences between the rich and the poor?	52	78	<u>67</u>	86	
provide a job for everyone who wants one?	40	62	63	93	
to keep prices under control?	77	83	75	98	
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90

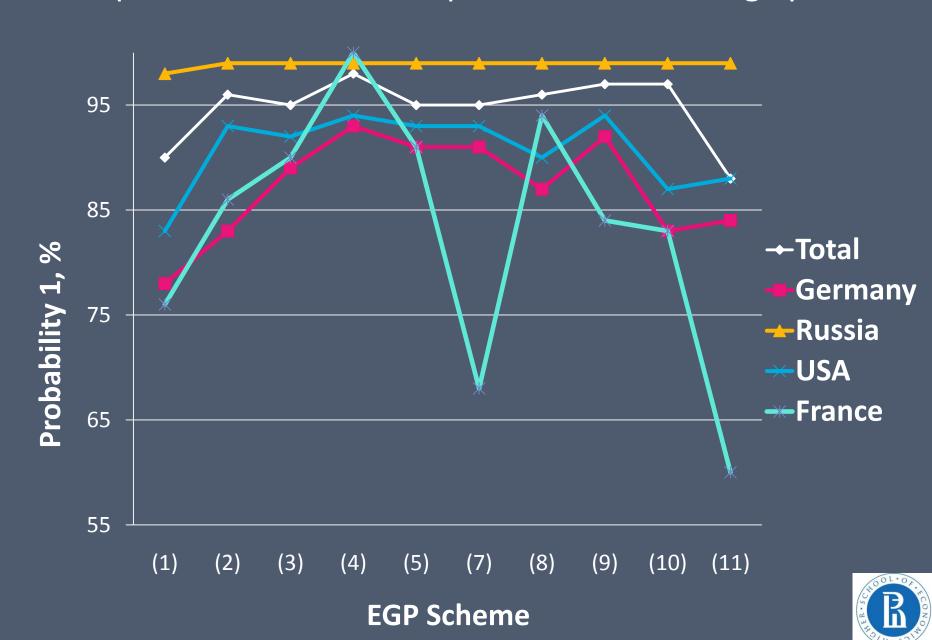
86

89

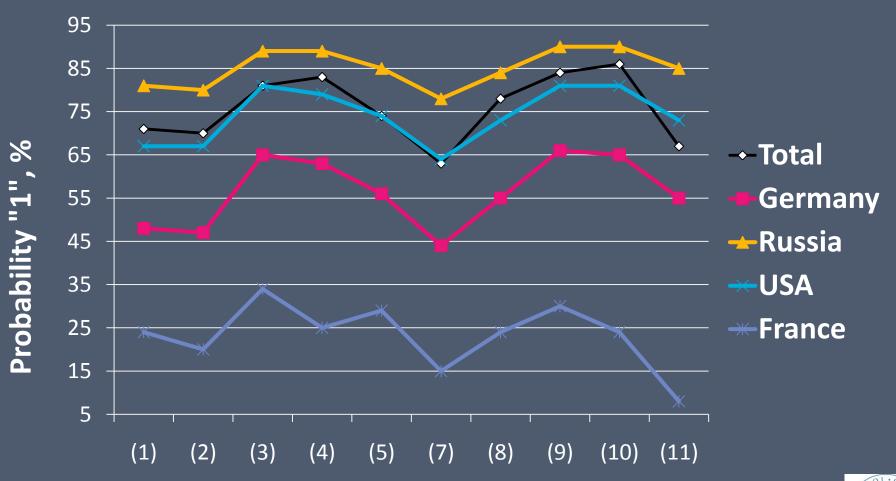
...to spend more or not to spend more on

old age pensions?

To spend more or not to spend more on old age pensions



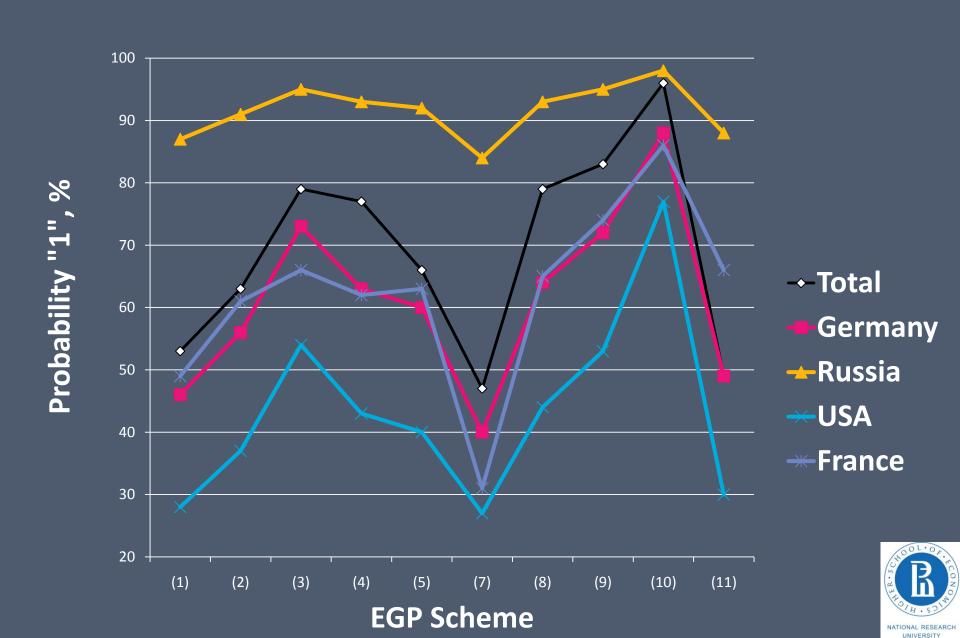
To spend more or not to spend on unemployment benefits



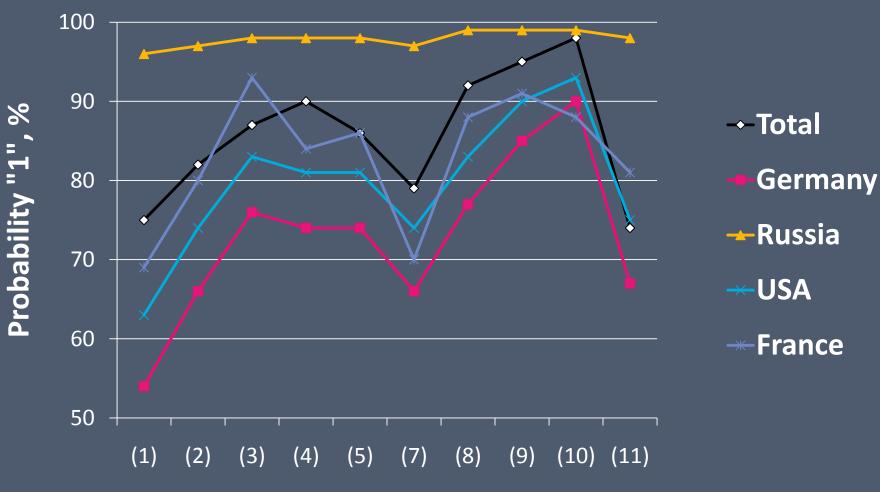
EGP Scheme



Provide a job for everyone who wants one



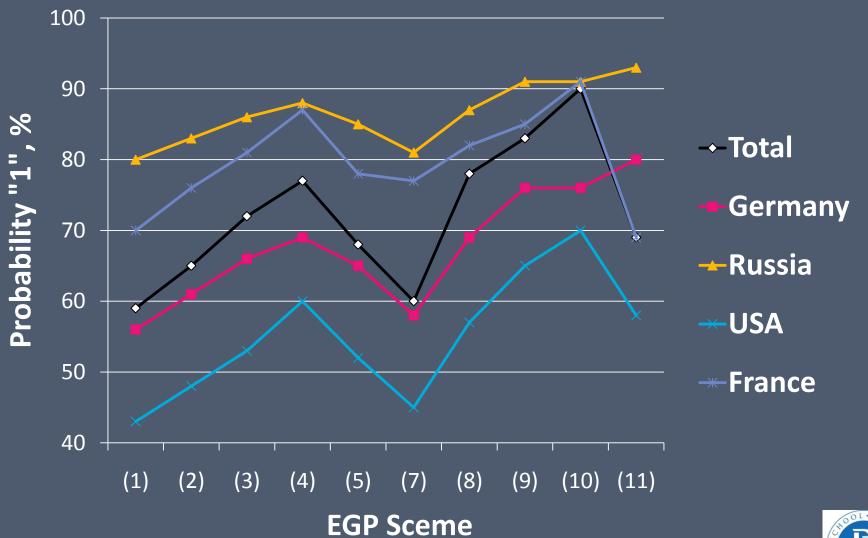
To keep prices under control





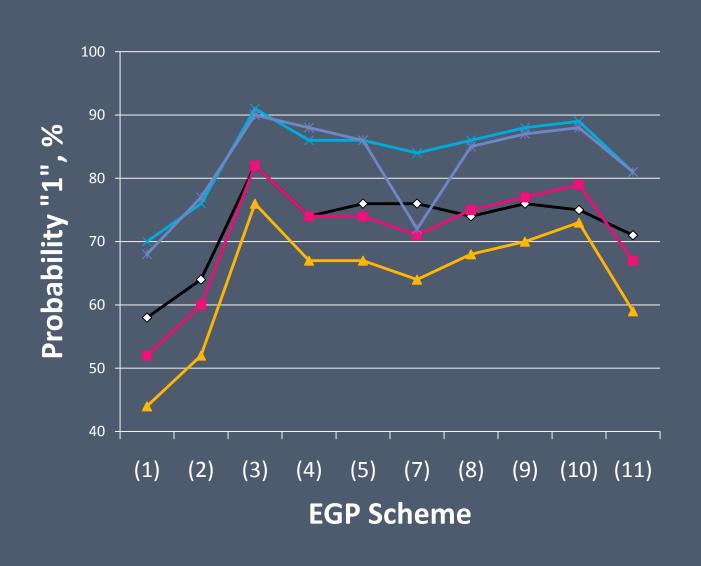


Reduce income differences between the rich and the poor





Support for declining industries to protect jobs



- → Total
- Germany
- **→**Russia
- **─**USA
- **—**France



Conclusions

- Russia is strongly left-oriented country as opposed to the USA, Germany and France (e.g. the most right oriented Russian top-manage demonstrates more left orientation than American worker)
- German, French and American societies are more heterogeneous compared to the Russian one
- Political opinions' distributions within socialprofessional strata are very similar for all four societies



Future research

- To expand a range of political opinions by constructing new scales using the same data
 - e.g. scale on protest behavior (in favor vs against)
 - scale on security (security vs personal freedom)



Thank you for your attention!

