## Generation of artificial event logs

Ivan Shugurov Alexey A. Mitsyuk

### Motivation

There is a **need for testing and evaluation** in the development of a process mining algorithm

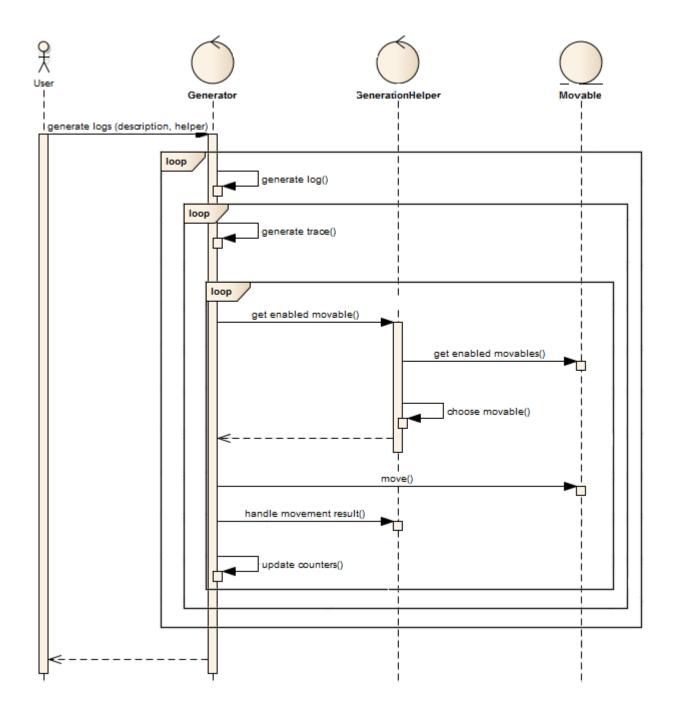
Appropriate (artificial) examples for the very first experiments and idea evaluation

- 1\ Lack of event logs for testing
- 2\ Available real life logs are too complex and inappropriate for preliminary idea evaluation3\ Fast customization of a log sometimes needed

### Related work

- Manual generation
  - Very flexible
  - Time consuming
- CPN Tools
  - Writing code in **ML language**
  - Cannot produce events logs in XES format
- SecSyTool
  - Can creates sets of logs
  - Can add deviations
  - Complex settings
  - Unintuitive user interface
  - Special security-oriented format of an event log
- Process Log Generator (PLG)
  - Generates a collection of models made of typical patterns
  - Generated models are not really BPMN diagrams
  - Flexible settings of model generation, log generation
  - Can not generate log using a given model

## General description of approach



### Common features of generators

- Arbitrary number of generated logs
- Arbitrary number of traces per log
- Arbitrary maximum number of steps during replay – prevent infinite loops

## Petri Nets

## Types of generation

- Simple generation
  - Noise
- Generation with static priorities
- "Time-driven" generation
  - Time
  - Noise
  - Resources

# Simple generation

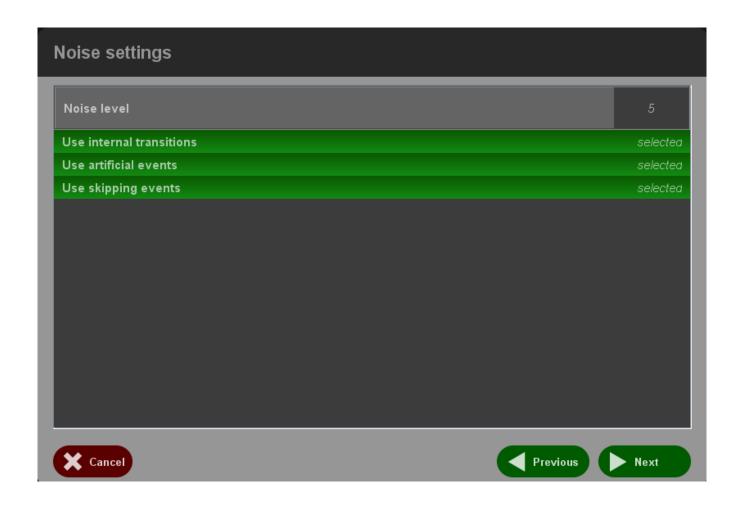
### Simple generation: noise

- From internal (existing) transitions use transitions in erroneous order
- From artificial events create a list of events which do not correspond to transitions of a Petri net, but may appear in event logs
- Skipping events just don't record occured events into event logs

### Noise

- Applied while executing an event
- Noise level probability of a transition to be distorted

#### Simple generation: noise settings screen

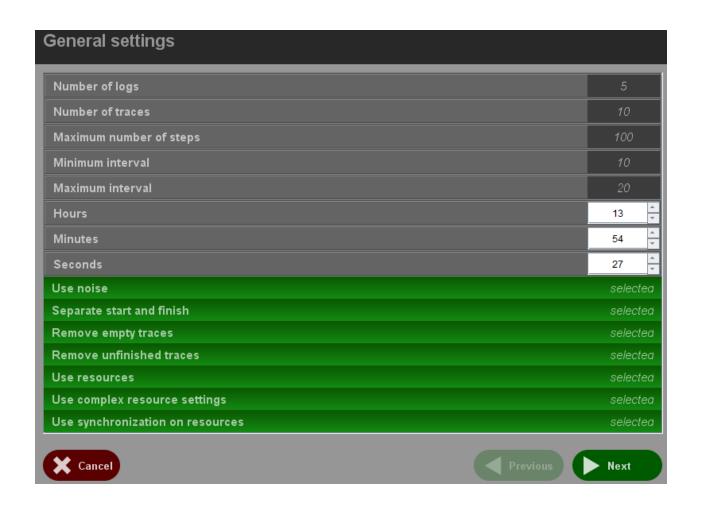


## Generation with static priorities

- *Priority* positive integer
- Always executes transition with the *highest* priority
- If several transitions have the same priority random one is picked

# Time-driven generation

#### Time-driven generation: main screen



#### Time-driven generation: noise settings



#### Resources

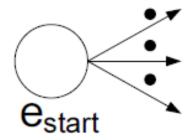
- Resource specified by name
- Resource specified by group, role, name

## **BPMN**

## Supported semantic

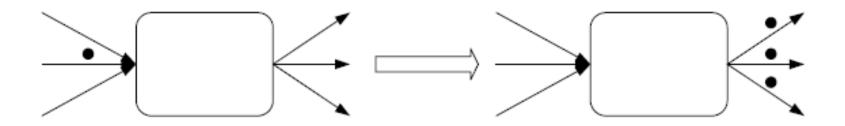
#### **Events**

Each process must have one Start and at least one End event

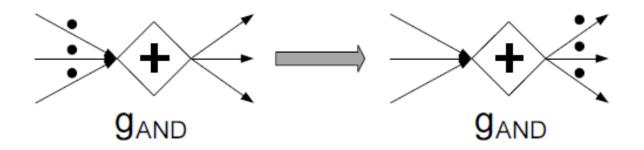




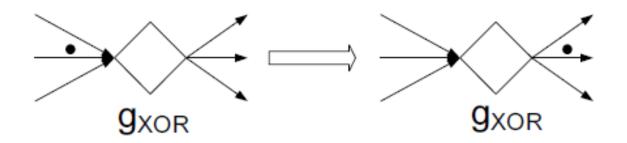
## Activities



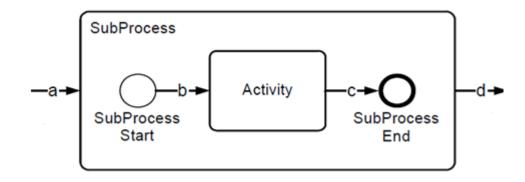
## Parallel gateway



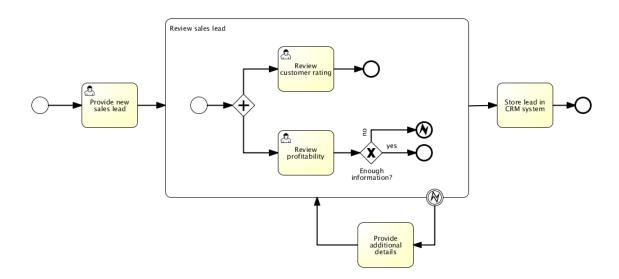
### Exclusive choice gateway



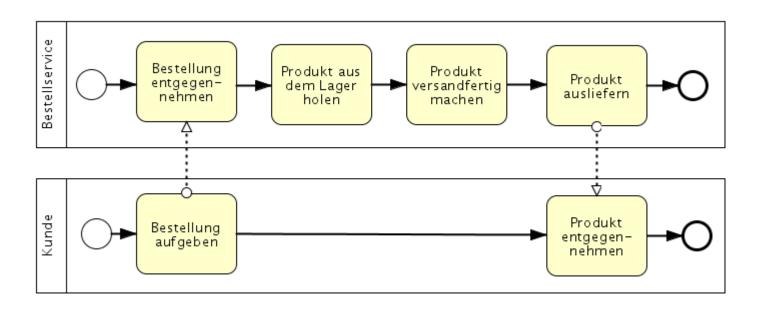
### **Sub-processes**



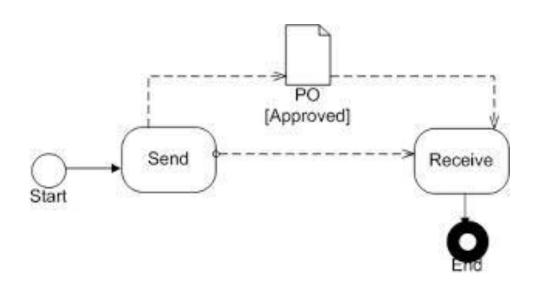
#### Cancel events



## Pools, lanes, messages



## Data objects



### Firing preferences

- Each sequential flow which follows from exclusive gateway has an integer number called preference
- The higher a preference, the higher a chance of the corresponding flow to get a token
- Preference is bigger or equal to 0 and less or equal to 100
- Sum of preferences is more than 0

$$P(SF_i) = \frac{Pref(SF_i)}{\sum Pref(SF)}$$

### Conclusions

- Implemented easily extendable framework
- Implemented generation of logs for Petri nets
- Implementation of log generation for BPMN is in progress

#### Future work

- Improve framework
- Finish log generation for BPMN models
- Incorporate other formalisms

### References

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