

Упр 1. Для оценок МНК коэффициентов β_0 и β_1 уравнения регрессии $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \varepsilon_i$ при выполнении условий ТГМ:

$$\text{var}(\hat{\beta}_1) = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}, \quad \text{var}(\hat{\beta}_0) = \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2}{n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} = \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{\bar{X}^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} \right)$$

$$\text{cov}(\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1) = -\frac{\bar{X} \cdot \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}, \quad \text{где } x_i = X_i - \bar{X}, \quad y_i = Y_i - \bar{Y}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta \hat{\beta}_1 &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i}{\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2} = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{x_i}{\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2} y_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i y_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i (Y_i - \bar{Y}) = \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i Y_i - \bar{Y} \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i (\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \varepsilon_i) = \beta_0 \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i + \\ &+ \beta_1 \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i X_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i \varepsilon_i = \beta_1 \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i x_i + \bar{X} \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i \right) + \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i \varepsilon_i \\ &\quad \quad \quad x_i + \bar{X} \quad \quad \quad 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{var}(\hat{\beta}_1) = \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i^2 \cdot \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{\beta}_0 &= \bar{Y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i - \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i (Y_i - \bar{Y}) \cdot \bar{X} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{n} - \omega_i \bar{X} \right) Y_i + \bar{X} \bar{Y} \\
 &= \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{n} - \omega_i \bar{X} \right) \cdot Y_i \Rightarrow \\
 \text{var}(\hat{\beta}_0) &= \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{n^2} - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{n} \omega_i \bar{X} + \omega_i^2 \bar{X}^2 \right) \cdot \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 = \\
 &= \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{2}{n} \bar{X} \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i + \bar{X}^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i^2 \right) = \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{\bar{X}^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} \right) = \\
 &= \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 + n \bar{X}^2}{n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} = \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - n \bar{X}^2 + n \bar{X}^2}{n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} = \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}{n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{cov}(\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1) = ?$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{Y} &= \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{X}, \quad \text{var}(\bar{Y}) = \frac{1}{n} \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 \\
 \text{var}(\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{X}) &= \text{var}(\hat{\beta}_0) + 2\bar{X} \text{cov}(\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1) + \bar{X}^2 \text{var}(\hat{\beta}_1) \\
 \frac{1}{n} \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 &= \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2 \left(\frac{1}{n} + \frac{\bar{X}^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} \right) + 2\bar{X} \text{cov}(\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1) + \bar{X}^2 \frac{\hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} \Rightarrow
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{cov}(\hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1) = - \frac{\bar{X} \cdot \hat{\sigma}_\varepsilon^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}$$

Упр. 2 При выполнении условий ТГМ
оценки $\hat{\beta}_0^{МНК}$ и $\hat{\beta}_1^{МНК}$ являются BEST, т.е.
имеют наименьшую дисперсию в классе
всех линейных несмещенных оценок.

▷ Пусть $\tilde{\beta}_1 = \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i Y_i$ - другая несмещенная
оценка, т.е. $E(\tilde{\beta}_1) = \beta_1 \Rightarrow E(\tilde{\beta}_1) = \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i E(Y_i) =$
 $= \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i E(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \varepsilon_i) = \beta_0 \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i + \beta_1 \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i X_i = \beta_1 \Rightarrow$
(1) $\sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i = 0$; (2) $\sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i X_i = 1$, т.е. необходимо решить

задачу:

$$\text{Var}(\tilde{\beta}_1) = \sigma_\varepsilon^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i^2 \rightarrow \min$$

при ограничениях (1) и (2).

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (\tilde{\omega}_i - \omega_i + \omega_i)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (\tilde{\omega}_i - \omega_i)^2 + 2 \sum_{i=1}^n (\tilde{\omega}_i - \omega_i) \omega_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i^2$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (\tilde{\omega}_i - \omega_i) \omega_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i \omega_i - \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i \frac{(X_i - \bar{X})}{\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2} - \sum_{i=1}^n \omega_i^2 =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i X_i - \bar{X} \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i \right) - \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2} = \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2} - \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (\tilde{\omega}_i - \omega_i)^2 + \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^n x_j^2}$$

$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{\omega}_i^2$ достигает минимума при

$\tilde{\omega}_i = \omega_i$, т.е. для оценок МНК. \square

Для $\hat{\beta}_0$ до-во аналогично.